

## Updated Travel Measures for France

For passengers coming from orange countries (India included)

	Orange Countries
<b>Vaccinated Visitors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proof of full vaccination in accordance with European regulations (1)</li> <li>• Sworn Declaration (3)</li> </ul>
<b>Unvaccinated Visitors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compelling reasons orange country (4) except for French nationals</li> <li>• Negative RT PCR test less than 72 hours before departure or of an antigen test less than 48 hours before departure (2)</li> <li>• Sworn Declaration (3)</li> <li>• Random antigenic test on entry to metropolitan territory (5)</li> <li>• 7-day self-isolation in case of a positive test result</li> </ul>

- (1) **a.** The vaccines accepted by France are those recognised by the European Medicines Agency (EMA): Pfizer, Moderna, AstraZeneca/Vaxzevria/Covishield and Janssen.

**b. Proof of complete vaccination** is only valid if it can be used to demonstrate the completion of a complete vaccination schedule, i.e.:

- 7 days after the 2nd injection for double injection vaccines (Pfizer, Moderna, AstraZeneca) ;
- 28 days after the injection for single injection vaccines (Janssen);
- 7 days after injection for vaccines in people with a history of Covid-19 (only 1 injection required).

**Since 1 February 2022, in order for their vaccination schedule to be recognised as complete, persons aged 18 years or older wishing to enter the country must have received a dose of an MRNA vaccine no later than 9 months after the injection of the last required dose.**

**c. Proof of full immunisation can be provided, inter alia, by an EU digital COVID certificate or a COVID certificate issued in one of the 33 countries and territories that have acceded to the EU digital COVID certificate system under EU equivalence decisions:** Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Cape Verde, El Salvador, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Israel, Iceland, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, New Zealand, Northern Macedonia, Norway, Panama, San Marino, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Tunisia, Togo, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, Uruguay and the Vatican

- (2) Any unvaccinated person aged 12 and over entering French territory must present a **negative RT PCR test less than 72 hours before departure or an antigen test less than 48 hours.**
- (3) **Sworn statement of declaration by the traveller that he/she has no symptoms of Covid-19 infection and that he/she is not aware of having been a case of contact in the fourteen days preceding his/her travel.**
- (4) **Compelling Reasons for Orange countries:** including French nationals and their spouses; EU nationals or their spouses who have their primary residence in France or who are travelling to their primary residence in transit through France; travellers in transit for less than 24 hours in an international zone. Tourism and holidays in France do not constitute compelling reasons for travel to France.

- If the traveller comes from a country classified as orange and is not vaccinated, he/she may be screened on arrival. In order to facilitate administrative formalities, they will be asked to fill in the form available at the following address: [passenger.serveureos.org](https://passenger.serveureos.org)

## ► ACCESS TO TOURIST ACTIVITIES AND SITES

### 1) The Vaccine Pass

Except in special cases,

- The vaccine pass is required for people over 16 years of age for access to restaurants, leisure activities, campsites and inter-regional transport
- To obtain a vaccine pass, a third dose of vaccine (also known as a booster) is mandatory for people over 18 years and 1 month who received their second vaccination dose more than 4 months ago.
- This third dose can be administered in France but is only taken into account after a period of 7 days.

**It is therefore recommended that travellers over 18 years of age who received their second dose of vaccine more than 4 months ago receive a third dose before coming to France.**

- Since 24th January, a vaccine pass is required for people aged 16 and over in almost all places where the health pass was previously required.

The vaccine pass consists of the presentation, in digital format (via "My booklet" of the TousAntiCovid application) or on paper, of one of the following three health proofs:

- A vaccination certificate attesting to a complete vaccination schedule, including a booster dose (mRNA) within the allotted time, for persons aged 18 years and 1 month and over
- A certificate of recovery more than 11 days after the positive test and less than 4 months old. For recovery certificates issued abroad, only those issued in the European Union and to which a QR code is assigned can be taken into account in France for the allocation of the vaccine pass.
- A certificate of contraindication to vaccination
- The vaccine pass is used to access:
  - Bars and restaurants, except for take-away
  - Leisure activities (cinemas, museums, theatres, sports arenas, sports and entertainment venues, ski lifts in ski resorts, etc.)
  - Trade fairs, trade shows and seminars,
  - Large shopping centres
  - Inter-regional transport (domestic flights, trains, buses)
  - Tourist accommodation such as campsites or holiday clubs. The vaccine pass is required with a single check at the beginning of the stay.

Thus, for people over 16, only those with a vaccine pass will be able to access these places, events and services. A negative Covid-19 test (PCR or antigenic) is no longer sufficient.

To enable verification of the vaccination pass, the proof documents (paper or digital format) have a QR code that can be flashed using the "TousAntiCovid Verif" application by the operators of establishments receiving the public or the organisers of events concerned by the pass.

### Exceptions to the vaccine pass

- The vaccine pass does not apply to adolescents between the ages of 12 and 15 inclusive. They are required to have a health pass to access the above-mentioned places.
- The health pass is maintained for access to hospitals, clinics, EHPAD and retirement homes, except in emergencies.
- The health pass may also be maintained for a limited period in certain territories by decision of the prefects
- For access to inter-regional transport, travellers who do not have a vaccination pass will be able to present a negative test if there is a compelling family or health reason.
- **To obtain a health pass, anyone aged 12 years and 2 months and over must present one of the following 4 health proofs:**
  - A vaccination certificate attesting to a complete vaccination schedule (no booster required) and the necessary delay after the final injection.
  - A negative RT-PCR or antigen test less than 24 hours old.
  - A Covid-19 recovery certificate dated at least 11 days and less than 4 months old. For recovery certificates issued abroad, only those issued in the European Union and to which a QR code is assigned can be taken into account in France for the award of the health pass
  - A certificate of contraindication to vaccination

### 2) Conditions for obtaining the vaccine pass and the health pass

- To obtain a vaccine pass, anyone over 18 years and one-month old must present
  - **Proof of a complete vaccination schedule: 2 doses of vaccine + a booster within 4 months of the 2nd injection (see recognised vaccines above),**
  - **or proof of recovery from Covid-19 infection of at least 11 days and less than 4 months. For recovery certificates issued abroad, only those issued in the European Union and to which a QR code is assigned can be taken into account in France for the allocation of the vaccination pass**
- To obtain a vaccination pass, anyone between the ages of 16 and 18 years and one month inclusive must present proof of 2 injections of mRNA vaccines, except in the following 2 cases:
  - The person has already contracted Covid-19 and can therefore receive a single dose of vaccine,
  - The person has contracted Covid-19 at least 15 days after receiving the first injection and can therefore do without the second dose of vaccine.

Nationals of non EU countries can request a certificate of vaccination equivalence, equivalent to a vaccination pass, by presenting a passport and an original paper vaccination certificate at one of the 4,000 pharmacies offering this service, spread throughout France. Two of them are located at Roissy CDG airport (terminals 2E and 2F) and 500 are in Paris. The service of generating a certificate of immunisation equivalence can be invoiced for a price not exceeding €36 including tax.

Important to note: For people who need one or more additional doses in France, their vaccination pass will be valid 7 days after the last injection of mRNA vaccine.

- Children under 16 years of age are not subject to the vaccine pass requirement. Children aged 12 years and two months to 16 years are subject to the health pass obligation.
- These specific rules for obtaining the French vaccine pass giving access to activities in France are not applicable for entry into French territory.

## **(2) Precautionary and safety measures**

**From 16th February 2022, entry in nightclubs and standing concerts and standing consumption in bars will no longer be prohibited**

Wearing a mask is mandatory:

- Indoors in all establishments open to the public
- On public transport, in taxis and VTCs.

**The mask will no longer be compulsory in enclosed areas subject to the vaccination pass as of 28th February.**